MINUTES OF THE SCHOOL BOARD AUDIT AND BUDGET ADVISORY COMMITTEE OF MIAMI-DADE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Special Meeting - April 26, 2018

The School Board Audit and Budget Advisory Committee (ABAC) met on Thursday, April 26, 2018, in the School Board Administration Building, Conference Room 916, at 1450 N.E. Second Avenue, Miami, Florida.

Members Present:

Voting:

Mr. Erick Wendelken, Chair

Mr. Christopher Norwood, J.D., Vice-Chair

Mr. Jeffrey Codallo

Mr. Alvin L. Gainey, PTA/PTSA President

Mr. Stephen Johnson, Esquire

Mr. Jeffrey Kaufman

Mr. Albert D. Lopez, CPA

Mr. Julio C. Miranda, CPA, CFE

Mr. Rudy Rodriguez, CPA

Ms. Mari Tere Rojas, School Board Member

Members Absent:

Mr. Juan del Busto

Mr. Isaac Salver, CPA

Non-Voting:

Mr. Ron Steiger, Chief Financial Officer

Call to Order

Mr. Erick Wendelken, Chair, called the meeting to order at 10:00 a.m.

1. Welcome and Introductions

(Audio of the meeting is available)

Mr. Wendelken requested all in attendance to introduce themselves. The following persons were present:

Ms. Perla Tabares Hantman, School Board Chair

Dr. Marta Pérez, School Board Member

Mr. Walter J. Harvey, School Board Attorney

Dr. Dan Tosado, Chief of Staff

Ms. Iraida R. Mendez-Cartaya, Interim Chief Auditor

Mr. Luis M. Garcia, Deputy School Board Attorney

Mr. Jose L. Dotres, Chief Human Capital Officer

Mr. Jorge Rubio, District Director

Mr. Luis Baluja, Executive Director

Dr. Ellen Wright-Ford, Executive Director

Mr. Wilmer Maradiaga, IT Auditor

Mr. Jerold Blumstein, Chief of Staff

Ms. Andreina Espina, Chief of Staff

Ms. Dalia Rosales, Chief of Staff

Ms. Patricia Betancourt, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Jackeline Fals, Administrative Assistant

Ms. India George, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Ana Lara, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Vivian Lissabet, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Gina Miles, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Natalie Perez, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Elsa Berrios-Montijo, Staff Assistant

Ms. Latisha Green, Administrative Assistant

Ms. Lidia M. Marban, Administrative Assistant

2. Sunshine Law/Conflict of Interest

Mr. Luis Garcia, Deputy Assistant School Board Attorney, provided the members an overview of the Sunshine Law. See attached presentation that is herein incorporated into the minutes.

3. Review of the Process

Mr. Jose L. Dotres, Chief Human Capital Officer, Human Capital Management and Mr. Jorge Rubio, District Director, Administrative Staff, Human Capital Management, provided the members an overview of the process. The process consists of three phases: Phase 1- Advertising; Phase 2- Scoring/Rating the seven candidates based on their respective resume and written responses to questions; and Phase 3- Oral interviews.

Today's scoring process concentrates on the two artifacts consisting of the candidates' resumes and responses to the questions. The committee members are to rate the candidate based on the rubric provided. Mr. Rubio provided an overview of the screening protocols and the screening form. The scale is from one (1) to four (4), 1 representing 'fair' and 4 representing 'outstanding'. The purpose of today's screening is to narrow the number of candidates that will be interviewed face-to-face. A perfect score is 12.

Question 1 – relates to the applicant's motivation to apply for the position;

Question 2 – relates to the applicant's job knowledge/experience; and

Question 3 – relates to their proposed plan of action within the first 90 days on the job.

4. Discussion/Screening of the Applicants

The following applicants were discussed:

- Ms. Lori Cairo
- Mr. Juan Calderon
- Ms. Alina Garcia
- Ms. Maria Gonzalez
- Mr. Jon Goodman
- Mr. Vincent Persiani
- Ms. Ivonne Taylor

After the committee discussed each candidate, the members were asked to complete the scoring form for each candidate and to provide the forms to Dr. Ellen Wright-Ford, Executive Director, Instructional/Non-Instructional Training, Human Capital Management, once completed. Dr. Wright-Ford will be doing the tabulation.

The Committee took a recess to allow the members to complete the forms and for the tabulation of the results.

5. Selection of the Applicants for Oral Interviews

Upon reconvening, the committee discussed the tabulation.

Ms. Rojas, ABAC member, made a motion to invite the highest four-ranked candidates which included two internal candidates and two external candidates for oral interviews. The motion was seconded by Mr. Lopez, ABAC member, and the motion carried.

Mr. Wendelken asked Mr. Dotres what were the next steps. Mr. Dotres stated that his office would verify references and the oral presentations are scheduled for May 1st.

Mr. Norwood, ABAC member, noted that he would not be available on May 1st.

Discussion took place whether the committee will be making a recommendation on May 1st. Mr. Dotres stated that, typically a recommendation is made on the day of the interview. Mr. Norwood expressed concerns.

After some discussion, it was agreed that the recommendation will be made on May 1st after the oral interviews; however, the recommendation will be brought to the ABAC on May 8th.

Ms. Rojas requested that the names of the four highest-ranked candidates invited for interviews be read for the record. The candidates are:

- Ms. Maria Gonzalez (internal candidate);
- Mr. Jon Goodman (internal candidate);
- Mr. Juan Calderon (external candidate); and
- Ms. Alina Garcia (external candidate).

Adjournment

Since there was no further business to come before the Committee, and upon a motion duly made and seconded, the meeting was adjourned by Mr. Wendelken at 1:01 p.m.

IRMC/em Attachment







OVERVIEW OF FLORIDA'S SUNSHINE LAW

Review for Audit & Budget Advisory Committee

April 26, 2018





Introductory Remarks

Luis M. Garcia
Deputy School Board Attorney



School Board Attorney's Office Walter J. Harvey, Esquire School Board Attorney





Other Topics:

- Public Records Act [Chapter 119]
- Code of Ethics [Chapter 112]







Meetings Under the Sunshine



Any gathering, whether formal or informal, of two or more members of the same board or committee (advisory committees included) to discuss some matter on which foreseeable action will be taken by the public board or commission.



Advisory Committees

- Advisory Committees that make recommendations to government entities must comply with Sunshine Law. AGO 98-13.
- □ Advisory Committee members must adhere to statutory voting requirements. AGO 2002-40.
- □ Advisory Committee members subject to criminal penalties for violating Sunshine Law. AGO 2001-84.







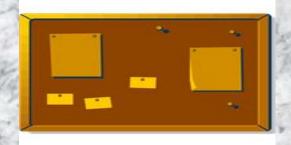
The Basic Requirements of the Sunshine Law

Three basic requirements which would <u>apply to any formal or informal</u> <u>Board meeting</u> (or <u>Board subcommittee meeting</u>) where any vote, resolution, rule, formal action, or discussions about related matters will take place:

- Reasonable public notice of the meeting must be given;
- The meeting must be open to the public, in a location accessible to the public; and
- Minutes of the meeting must be taken and must be made available for public inspection following the meeting.



Reasonable Notice



- Include the time and place of the meeting and, if available, an agenda (or if no agenda is available, subject matter summations might be used—should follow an established practice);
- 2. The notice should be prominently displayed in the area in the agency's offices set aside for that purpose [e.g., Citizens' Information]; and
- 3. Emergency sessions should be afforded the most appropriate and effective notice under the circumstances and special meetings should have at least 24 hours reasonable notice to the public.



KEEPING MINUTES



- The written minutes of meetings need not be verbatim transcripts.
- Even if the meeting is recorded, written minutes still must be taken.





Penalties for Violating The Sunshine Law



Compliance with the Sunshine Law's requirements is of paramount importance because a violation can lead to the invalidation of any action taken by a Board or Committee. Further, a <u>civil fine</u> of up to \$500 may be assessed for any violation of the Law, and <u>criminal penalties</u> may be imposed upon any member who knowingly violates the Sunshine Law.











SOCIAL GATHERINGS

Members of a public board or commission are not prohibited under the Sunshine Law from meeting together socially, provided that matters which may foreseeably come before the board or commission are not discussed at such gatherings.







Written Correspondence Can Violate The Sunshine Law

It would not be a violation of the Sunshine Law for a member to use a written memorandum to inform other members of a topic that will be discussed at a future meeting, provided there is no interaction regarding the memo between the members prior to the meeting (and the memo does not invite interaction), and provided the memo will be available to the public as a public record. However, a memo of this nature must not be circulated "for comment."

The same principles apply to <u>e-mail</u>: the Sunshine Law prohibits members from communicating via e-mail.



Public Records Act



Types of Public Records:

All documents, papers, letters, maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, data processing software, or other material, regardless of the physical form. Chapter 119, Florida Statutes.

What Constitutes a Public Record:

All materials made or received by an agency or its employees/agents in connection with official business which are used to perpetuate, communicate or formalize knowledge.





Records Retention



A public record may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of only in accordance with the applicable retention schedule.



MAIL



The Public Records Act is applicable to letters or other documents received in the transaction of official business by a Board or Committee member or District staff in their official capacity as a board, committee, or staff member. E-mail is also subject to the Act



VOTING CONFLICTS& PUBLIC OFFICERS



NO COUNTY, MUNICIPAL, or other LOCAL PUBLIC OFFICER shall vote in an official capacity upon any measure which would inure to his or her special private gain or loss, or which the officer knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any PRINCIPAL by whom he or she is retained, of the PARENT ORGANIZATIÓN or SUBSIDIARY of a CORPORATE PRINCIPAL he or she is retained, of a RELATIVE, BUSINESS ASSOCIATE. The officer must publicly announce the nature of his or her interest before the vote and must file a memorandum of voting conflict on Commission Form 8B with the meeting's recording officer within 15 days after the vote occurs disclosing the nature of his or her interest in the matter. However, members of community redevelopment agencies and district officers elected on a one-acre, one-vote basis are not required to abstain.

See § 112.3143(3)(a), Fla.Stat. (2016)





